

Disposal Notes

Recycling of empty containers

Packaging sold by WEBAC-Chemie GmbH comprises tinplate canisters, tins and buckets, plastic canisters, plastic and metal barrels. Sales packaging of WEBAC-Chemie GmbH that is sold within Germany can be disposed of at the collection points of the "Interseroh Dienstleistungs GmbH". More detailed information is available on request.

Cleaning agents can generally be used several times over. Should the used cleaners contain solids, these must be filtered out prior to further use.

General notes on waste disposal

Waste is:

- to be avoided in general (e.g. by complete emptying of containers)
- to be recycled (e.g. by the recycling of packaging)
- to be disposed of at the responsible body in charge of waste disposal
- to be treated, temporarily or permanently stored in designated systems or institutions
- to be transported in authorized waste carriers only, which applies to waste from building sites, commercial waste and hazardous waste
- not to be transported beyond the national borders without a special permit

Commercial waste similar to household refuse is waste which usually occurs in commercial enterprises and is not classed as hazardous waste.

Waste from building sites is refuse which usually occurs at the building site and does not comprise building rubble, excavated soil, road demolition material or hazardous waste.

Waste from building sites thus comprises plastic, packaging, cured product residues, waste similar to household refuse, etc.

Hazardous waste from the field of construction products includes all liquid or pasty product residues, as well as solvent free products, products not subject to labeling and those which are expired. Packaging containing the afore-mentioned (liquid or pasty) product residue is thus to be classed as hazardous waste. Hazardous waste is waste subject to special supervision and is declared on the basis of the disposal code (safety data sheet, section 13).

Containers should be completely emptied to avoid hazardous waste in packaging. The empty containers must be free of substances or hazardous substances and inflammable materials (solvents) hazardous to water. If the filling materials in the containers were solvent-based, the empty containers must be left open so that the solvent residue can evaporate completely. Observe the inflammability and risk of fire during the drying phase.

Single-component residues fully cure upon contact with humidity. In the case of two-component systems, the material can be made to fully react by mixing the reaction components. To do so, empty the containers thoroughly, mix component A and B thoroughly, refill an appropriate quantity of the mixed material into the containers of component A and B and shake well again. Make sure that the material in the wall areas is mixed in properly, as insufficiently mixed material causes uncured residue which easily turns into hazardous waste. To avoid this type of waste from building sites or commercial waste, we recommend to empty completely the containers (non-drip), which is the most cost-effective and environmentally friendly method.

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